

Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

PRIMER UNI

Date of first edition: 2/7/2024

Safety Data Sheet dated 02/10/2025

version 2

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: PRIMER UNI

Trade code: S100B0391 12

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Primer

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166

Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

Special Provisions:

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

Other Hazards: Contains biocidal product: C(M)IT/MIT (3:1); The product is identified as an article treated pursuant to art. 58 of Regulation (EU) no. 528/2012 and subsequent amendments. Possible skin exposure must be avoided. Protective gloves and work clothes are required. Avoid releasing product into the environment. When washing work equipment, water must not be dispersed in the soil or on surface water

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: PRIMER UNI

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥0.3-<0.5 %	Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis-, tetrapropylene derivs., sulfonated, sodium salts	CAS:119345-04-9 EC:601-601-6	Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Repr. 2, H361fd	01-2119492361-39
<0.036 %	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS:2634-33-5 EC:220-120-9 Index:613-088-00-6	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:1, M-Acute:1	01-2120761540-60
Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.036%: Skin Sens. 1A H317				
<0.0015 %	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS:55965-84-9 Index:613-167-00-5	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 2, H310; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, EUH071	
Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 C ≥ 0.6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317				

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

N.A.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

N.A.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

- Wear personal protection equipment.
- Remove persons to safety.
- See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

- Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

- Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
- Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.
- In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.
- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
- Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

- See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.
- Do not eat or drink while working.
- See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials:

- None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

- Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

- None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

- None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol CAS: 34590-94-8	ACGIH		Long Term: 50 ppm (8h) Liver & CNS eff
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm D Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm koža Source: 2000/39/EZ
	NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm DFG, EU, 11, 1(I) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice

NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Āda Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOUR G	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm P, Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm K, EU1 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm vía dérmica, VLI Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 307 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 614 mg/m3 - 100 ppm 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, H Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 270 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 550 mg/m3 D Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 309 mg/m3 - 50 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm A Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 600 mg/m3 - 100 ppm; Short Term: 900 mg/m3 - 150 ppm Δ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/A` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 EU1, R Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m3 - 75 ppm O Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm H E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 240 mg/m3; Short Term: 480 mg/m3

		skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m3 - 75 ppm H, V Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm VR Yeux Nez / AW Auge Nase, NIOSH, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU		Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm (8h) Skin
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	NATIONAL	GERMANY Long Term: 0.2 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m3 DFG; Long term and short term: inhalable fraction Source: TRGS900
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 MAK, Sh Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND Long Term: 0.2 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), S, SSC, VRS Peau Yeux / OAW Haut Auge Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane CAS: 556-67-2	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA f Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one
CAS: 2634-33-5

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1.1 µg/l
Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 403 ng/L
Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 110 ng/L
Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 1.03 mg/l
Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 49.9 µg/kg
Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 4.99 µg/kg
Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 3 mg/kg
Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)
CAS: 55965-84-9

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 µg/l
Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l
Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l
Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one
CAS: 2634-33-5

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 966 µg/kg; Consumer: 345 µg/kg

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)
CAS: 55965-84-9

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 20 µg/m³; Consumer: 20 µg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 40 µg/m³; Consumer: 20 µg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 90 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 110 µg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Not needed for normal use. Anyway, operate according good working practices.

Protection for skin:

No special precaution must be adopted for normal use.

Protection for hands:

Not needed for normal use.

Respiratory protection:

N.A.

Thermal Hazards:

Not expected if used as intended

Environmental exposure controls:

Prevent the product from entering sewers or surface and underground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: Green

Odour: N.A.

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: =8.00

Kinematic viscosity: <= 20,5 mm²/sec (40 °C)

Melting point/freezing point: N.A.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: Not Applicable

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A.

Relative vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Density and/or relative density: 1.02 g/cm³

Solubility in water: Soluble

Solubility in oil: N.A.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Flammability: N.A.

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 0.14 % ; 1.47 g/l

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 670 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Positive	irreversible damage
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Oral route
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 112 mg/kg	
	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 69 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 141 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Rat = 0.33 mg/l 4h	

b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Positive
f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative Carcinogenicity Skin Negative
g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 22.7 mg/kg

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

No data available for the product

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS: 2634-33-5 - EINECS: 220-120-9 - INDEX: 613-088-00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> = 2.15 mg/L 96h OECD Guideline 203 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 2.9 mg/L 48h OECD Guideline 202 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae green alga <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> freshwater algae = 110 µg/L OECD Guideline 201 d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC50 Worm <i>Eisenia fetida</i> > 410.6 mg/kg OECD Guideline 207 - Duration 14d d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC10 soil microorganisms = 263.7 mg/kg - long term a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Sludge activated sludge 10.3 mg/L 3h OECD Guideline 209 e) Plant toxicity : LC50 <i>Triticum aestivum</i> = 200 mg/kg OECD Guideline 208
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 - INDEX: 613-167-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> = 0.19 mg/L 96h EPA OPP 72-1 (Fish Acute Toxicity Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish <i>Danio rerio</i> = 0.02 mg/L „OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test) - 35days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 0.16 mg/L 48h EPA OPP 72-2 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 0.1 mg/L EPA OPP 72-4 (Fish Early Life-Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle Studies) - 21days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> = 0 mg/L 96h „OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 4.5 mg/L 3h „OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test) d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm <i>Eisenia fetida</i> = 613 mg/kg „OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests) - 14days e) Plant toxicity : NOEC <i>Trifolium pratense</i> , <i>Oryza sativa</i> , <i>Brassica napus</i> = 1000 mg/L OECD Guideline 208 (Terrestrial Plants Test: Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test) - 21days

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persitence/Degradability:	Test	Notes:
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	Non-readily biodegradable	CO2 production	OECD Guideline 301C
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Non-readily biodegradable		

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulation	Test	Value	Notes:
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	6.620	
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	54.000	≤ 54

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as non-hazardous waste

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):

N.A.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: N/A

IATA-Shipping Name: N/A

IMDG-Shipping Name: N/A

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class:

IATA-Class: N/A

IMDG-Class: N/A

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group:

IATA-Packing group: N/A

IMDG-Packing group: N/A

14.5. Environmental hazards

N.A.

IMDG-EMS: N/A

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: N/A

ADR - Hazard identification number: N/A

ADR-Special Provisions: N/A

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): N/A

ADR Limited Quantities: N/A

ADR Excepted Quantities: N/A

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Label: N/A

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IATA-Erg: N/A

IATA-Special Provisions: N/A

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: N/A

IMDG-Segregation: N/A

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IMDG-Special Provisions: N/A

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/707

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1434 (ATP 19 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1435 (ATP 20 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2024/197 (ATP 21 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: None.

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 40, 70, 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148

No substances listed

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

3: Severe hazard to waters

German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012

Nomenclature IUPAC: Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (EINECS 247-500-7) and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (EINECS 220-239-6) (Mixture of CMIT/MIT)

Nomenclature BPR: C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)

CAS number: 55965-84-9

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Approved

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/131 ; The product is identified as an article treated pursuant to art. 58 of Regulation (EU) no. 528/2012 and subsequent amendments.

Substances included in Regulation (EU) n. 528/2012 (concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.1/2/Inhal	Acute Tox. 2	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 2
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
3.7/2	Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
 CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic
 COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
 COV: Volatile Organic Compound
 CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment
 CSR: Chemical Safety Report
 DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
 DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
 DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
 DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive
 EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration
 ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
 EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
 ES: Exposure Scenario
 GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
 GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.
 IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
 IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
 ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
 IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
 INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
 IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
 KAFH: Keep Away From Heat
 KSt: Explosion coefficient.
 LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
 LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
 LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
 N.A.: Not Applicable
 N/A: Not Applicable
 N/D: Not defined/ Not available
 NA: Not available
 NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
 OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 PGK: Packaging Instruction
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
 PSG: Passengers
 RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
 STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
 STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
 TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
 TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
 vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
 WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information